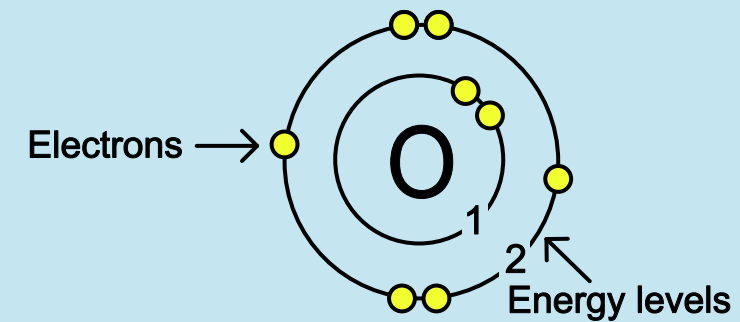


Oxygen	←	Name of element
8	←	Atomic number of element
O	←	Symbol of element
15.999	←	Average mass of atom of oxygen

# Oxygen



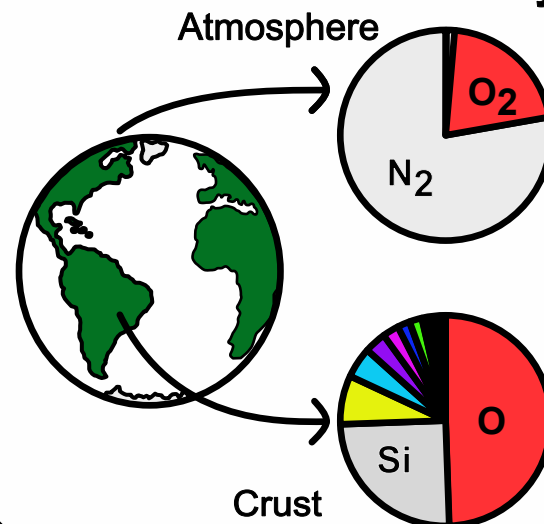
## Discovery<sup>1</sup>

Joseph Priestly discovered oxygen gas in England in 1774. He found that both candles and mice would extinguish when in a sealed jar. He noticed that a plant in



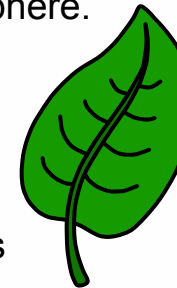
the jar would keep the flame and mouse alive.

## Oxygen on Earth<sup>2</sup>



Oxygen is the most abundant element in Earth's crust, and second in the atmosphere.

All the oxygen you've ever breathed was produced by photosynthesis in plants and microscopic algae.



## Oxygen can be a cool molecule!<sup>3</sup>

Cool oxygen down to  $-79\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ , and it becomes pale blue. And it will also stick between the poles of a magnet because it is paramagnetic. This means in  $\text{O}_2$  there are unpaired electrons. These electrons spin and act like tiny magnets.



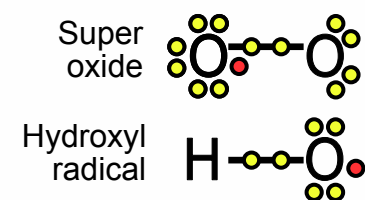
## Oxygen's octet<sup>5</sup>

### Filled octets: Stable oxygen



Many molecules are more stable when their atoms have "full octets" This means that the atoms have (or share) a total of 8 electrons in their outer energy level.

### Unfilled octets: Reactive oxygen species

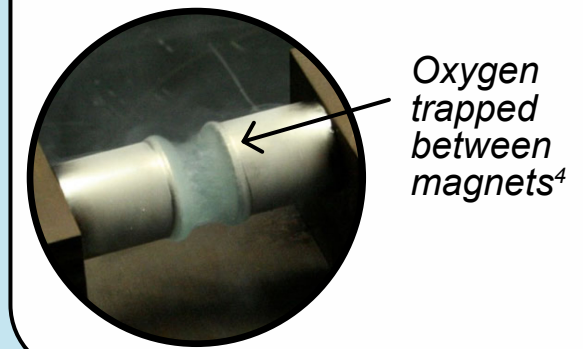
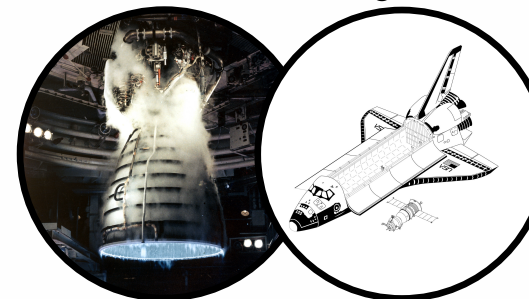


Molecules with unfilled octets allow cells to talk with each other and are important in the toxicity of many chemicals.

## Half of a clean fuel solution<sup>6</sup>



Combining hydrogen and oxygen provides energy and water. This reaction has been used for years in space flight, and could be a clean alternative to burning fossil fuels.



1. <https://www.acs.org/content/acs/en/education/whatischemistry/landmarks/josephpriestleyoxygen.html>; 2. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC350422/>; 3. <https://chem.umn.edu/magnetic-properties-liquid-oxygen/>; 4. <http://webmis.highland.cc.il.us/~jsullivan/principles-of-general-chemistry-v1.0/s13-03-delocalized-bonding-and-molecu.html>; 5. <https://www.biotek.com/resources/white-papers/an-introduction-to-reactive-oxygen-species-measurement-of-ros-in-cells/>; 6. [https://www.nasa.gov/mission\\_pages/shuttle/launch/LOX-LH2-storage.html](https://www.nasa.gov/mission_pages/shuttle/launch/LOX-LH2-storage.html)

Infographic by Peter Clement, Center for Sustainable Nanotechnology. More info at: [www.Sustainable-Nano.com](http://www.Sustainable-Nano.com)

